

2017 - 2018 ANNUAL REPORT

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His Honour
The Honourable W. Thomas Molloy, O.C. SOM Q.C.
Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Saskatchewan

May It Please Your Honour:

I have the pleasure to transmit to your Honour the Annual Report of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission for the year ending March 31, 2018.

Respectfully submitted,

Don Morgan, Q.C.

Minister of Justice and Attorney Genera



The Honourable Don Morgan, Q.C. Minister of Justice and Attorney General Province of Saskatchewan

Dear Mr. Morgan:

It is my pleasure to forward to you the Annual Report of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission according to *The Legal Aid Act*, depicting the affairs of the Commission in the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

Respectfully submitted,

Michelle Ouellette, Q.C.

Chairperson

Legislative Mandate

The Legal Aid Act and The Legal Aid Regulations provide the legislative mandate for The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission, also known as Legal Aid Saskatchewan (LAS).

Vision

Fair, balanced and respectful justice for the people of Saskatchewan.

Mission

We provide accessible and professional legal services in criminal and family law to eligible people.

Values

LAS is committed to acting in accordance with the following values:

Accessibility – We strive to serve those who need us.

Collegiality – We work together for a common purpose.

Compassion – We empathize and care within professional boundaries.

Ethical – We act with integrity and respect.

Fair – We treat people fairly and fight to have our clients treated fairly by the justice system.

Independent – We are an independent, yet integral, part of the justice system.

Professional – We are committed, skilled and responsible.

Strategic Priorities

Strong Leadership – Leadership is focused on organizational and big picture challenges for our organization and the justice system as a whole. The structure of leadership aligns with LAS's mission, vision and values.

Organizational Health – Employees are responsible for and accountable to the organization's mission, vision and values. Everyone works to achieve the organizational goals. Everyone is appreciated and respected. LAS is known as a great place to work.

High-Quality, Client-Focused Service – LAS provides every client with high quality service aligned with our organizational values. Staff have the resources available to them to provide high-quality service. We are easy to find and respond in a timely manner.

Services

Full legal services are provided in adult and youth criminal matters and family law to financially eligible clients if the matter falls within LAS's range of services and has a reasonable prospect of being resolved. Duty Counsel Service is provided to in-custody clients, regardless of financial status, at all 99 Provincial Courtrooms and circuit points.

Legal advice through the "Brydges Line" is available to those arrested or detained, regardless of financial status.

Summary advice and information may be provided to anyone by a LAS lawyer about a wide range of matters if they involve no more than a brief interview or telephone call.

Financial Eligibility

Applicants are financially eligible for service if:

- They are receiving income from Social Assistance, Band Assistance or the Saskatchewan Assured Income for Disability programs; or
- Their financial resources are at Social Assistance levels: or
- The costs of obtaining the services from a private lawyer would reduce their financial resources to Social Assistance levels.

Staff Profile

Legal Aid Saskatchewan uses a staff-lawyer model for providing legal services to most of its clients. In 2017/18, staff lawyers handled 85% of the full-service cases. Private bar lawyers handled the remainder, usually due to conflicts of interests from past service.

At March 31, 2018 LAS had 154 staff positions located in 15 offices throughout the province. A complete list of offices is available on the back cover of this report.

LAS has a unionized workplace with 86% of the staff represented by CUPE Local 1949. Managers and out-of-scope staff comprise the remaining 14%.

LAS is committed to hiring practices that will assist our organization in meeting the employment equity goals set by the Saskatchewan Human Rights Commission (SHRC) as follows:

SHRC Desired	LAS
Employment Profile	Employment Profile
14%	17.1%
Self-Declared	Self-Declared
Indigenous People	Indigenous People
12.4% Persons with Disabilities	6.1% Persons with Disabilities
46% Women in Underrepresented Occupations	47.4% of management; 58.4% of lawyers
6.6% Members of a	4.9% Members of a
Visible Minority Group	Visible Minority Group

Members from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018

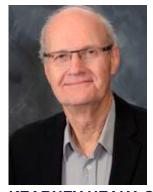
The Legal Aid Act provides for the appointment of ten Commissioners – two appointed by the Law Society of Saskatchewan, six members appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, one member who is an employee of the Ministry of Justice appointed by the Minister of Justice and Attorney General, and one member who is an employee of the Ministry of Social Services appointed by the Ministry of Social Services.



MICHELLE OUELLETTE, Q.C. Chair, Saskatoon Appointed by the Lieutenant Ministry of Justice Governor in Council



KYLIE HEAD, Q.C. Vice-Chair, Regina Appointed by the



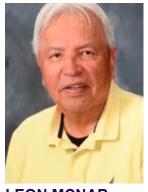
KEARNEY HEALY, Q.C. Saskatoon Appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council



VALERIE MACDONALD, Q.C. Regina Appointed by the Law Society of Saskatchewan



KATHLEEN MAKELA Saskatoon Appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council



LEON MCNAB Punnichy Appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council



SANDRA PELLETIER lle a la Crosse Appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council



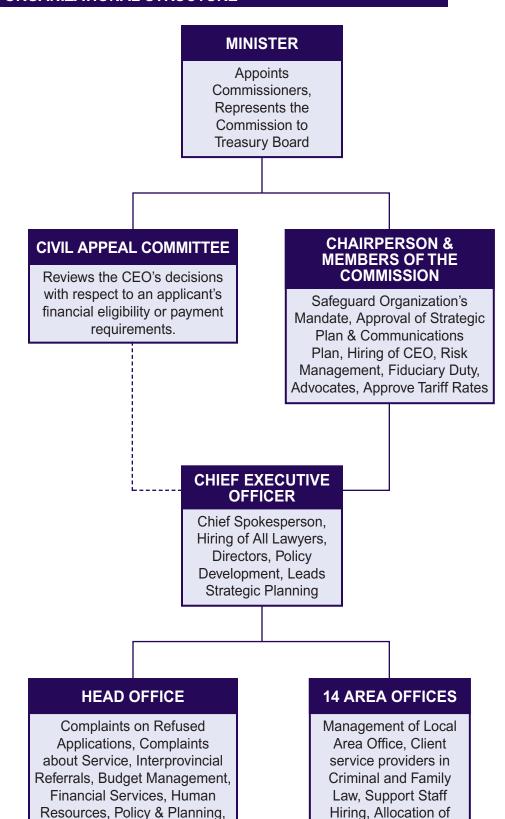
CHIEF JOANNE ROY Beauval Appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council



GARRY PREDIGER Saskatoon Appointed by the Ministry of Social Services



RAY WIEBE Saskatoon Appointed by the Law Society of Saskatchewan



Management Team

as of March 31, 2018

Craig W.J. Goebel

Chief Executive Officer

Jerome Boyko

Director of Finance and Information Technology

Dona Jones

Director of Human Resources

Kyla Shea

Director of Planning and Administration

David Andrews, Q.C.

Director, Regina Rural Area Office

Kimberly Earing, Q.C.

Director, Northern Area Office

Robert Grimsrud

Director, South East Area Office

Josh Seib

Acting Director, Yorkton Area Office

Joanne Khan

Director, Saskatoon Criminal Area Office

Janice Lawrence, Q.C.

Director, Battlefords Area Office

Adrian McBride

Director, Swift Current Area Office

Rosanne Newman, Q.C.

Director, Meadow Lake Area Office

Murray Pelletier

Director, Saskatoon Rural Area Office

Loree Richardson

Director, Melfort Area Office

Kelly Shaw

Cases to Private Bar

Director, Saskatoon Family Area Office

Mervyn Shaw, Q.C.

Director. Moose Jaw Area Office

James Struthers, Q.C.

Director, Regina City Area Office

IT Support Services

The following information is for full-service applications. It does not include duty counsel service, duty counsel advice or summary advice, as we do not collect this demographic information as part of the eligibility process for those services. Individuals who applied more than once for Legal Aid are counted per application.

GENDER & SELF IDENTIFICATION



62% MALE **42%** Indigenous

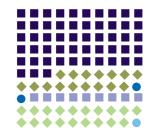
20% Non-Indigenous



35% FEMALE 22% Indigenous 13% Non-Indigenous

3% OTHER 1% Indigenous 2% Non-Indigenous

GENDER & MOST RECENT TYPE OF FILE

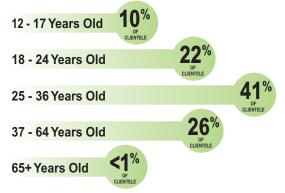


53% MALE, Criminal (■) **16%** FEMALE, Criminal (♠) **2%** OTHER, Criminal (●) 9% MALE, Family (■)

19% FEMALE, Family (♠)

1% OTHER, Family (●)

AGE



MARITAL STATUS



Married/ Common-law 11%



Single **78%**



Divorced/Widowed Separated 11%

DEPENDENTS





CRAIG W.J. GOEBEL

On behalf of Legal
Aid Saskatchewan's
employees, I thank the
Commission Chairperson,
Michelle Ouellette, Q.C.
and members for their
commitment to Legal
Aid and the people of
Saskatchewan and for their
willingness to offer their
knowledge and insight,
to help us deliver highquality, client-focused

service and have a healthy organization. We appreciate the help and support of the Ministry of Justice and Minister Don Morgan, Q.C., who succeeded Gordon Wyant, Q.C. and Glen Gardner, Q.C., the Deputy Minister.

Legal Aid Saskatchewan continues to think and work in innovative ways, to examine and update our policies and procedures, thereby ensuring we are delivering services to our clients in the

THE FEDERAL AND
THE PROVINCIAL
GOVERNMENTS
WANT MORE FISCAL
AND PERFORMANCE
ACCOUNTABILITY AND ARE
ASSIDUOUSLY SETTLING
DEFINITIONS, MEASURES
AND REPORTS.

most effective
ways we can. From
the Commission
members, through
management, legal
directors and staff,
again this year,
everyone has had
opportunities, via
strategic planning,

consultations and work-related conversations, to improve processes that serve our Mission and help achieve our goals.

The federal and the provincial governments want more fiscal and performance accountability and are assiduously settling definitions, measures and reports. For their and our own purposes, LAS is striving to record data more accurately and use it effectively to make decisions to improve our client service and the work of staff.

Two years ago, the Provincial Auditor made five recommendations to improve how we deliver legal aid services. We will report our progress for how we implement and sustain our programs, such as: dealing with clients promptly; implementing

best practices for file handling directives and documents for lawyers and support staff and building a performance management program for lawyers, all in pursuit of for being more productive and effective.

The Planning and Administration and Finance and IT Directors implemented many improvements to our data system (LAIN 2.0) and developed and implemented a new IT and equipment strategic plan, with financial help from The Law Foundation of Saskatchewan. Our human resources department has led management's bargaining team working constructively with the union bargaining team toward a new collective agreement; by building a better work environment, we enhance client service.

This year we continued doing lawyers' compulsory education and staff training via webinars and telephone calls. While these modes effectively deliver necessary information – and save a substantial amount of money by not having an inperson conference, we will endeavor to reconnect offices' staff and enhance organizational adhesion through a conference in due course.

We still need to consult more with our private bar lawyers, our clients and the leaders of our client groups. Planning to do that is underway, as are consultations about how we can more meaningfully respond to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission's calls to action for the justice sector and legal aid. For example, because of the stillincreasing incarceration of Indigenous People, to help defence counsel and Gladue Report writers prepare sentencing submissions that respond more directly to our clients' needs and rights, over the last three years we worked with the University of Saskatchewan's History Department to build an easily-accessible, academically-sound database of historical facts about 'settler colonization' and it's awful outcomes. It is ready for use.

Legal Aid has been involved with governments and justice leaders to make improvements to the system. Because of the need to reduce the stillgrowing number of accused people on remand, we continue have duty counsel working on Sundays to provide service to accuseds in Saskatoon and Prince Albert; while Legal Aid has been and is

THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING LEGAL AID TO LOW-INCOME PEOPLE WHO CANNOT AFFORD FULL LEGAL REPRESENTATION IS TO GET THEM REASONABLE OUTCOMES, WHILE ENSURING FAIRNESS IN THE JUSTICE SYSTEM.

ready to go in Regina, systemic problems prevent such work from starting.

Our employees and private lawyer colleagues serve their clients with dedication and compassion. Head Office staff and

directors and Legal Directors who manage their offices and do file work, all often go beyond their regular duties and produce significant dividends. Thanks go to all of them.

For the Commission, thanks to the employees who retired this year for your years of dedicated effort and for those who arrived, best wishes that you enjoy contributing to our important endeavours. The names of those in each group are noted in the accompanying chart.

LAS STRATEGIC PRIORITIES 2017-2020

Strong Leadership (SL)

Leadership is focused on organizational and big picture challenges for ur organization and the justice system as a whole. The structure of leadership aligns with LAS's mission, vision and values.

Organizational Health (OH)

Employees are responsible and accountable to the organization's mission, vision and values. Everyone works to achieve the organizational goals. Everyone is appreciated and respected. LAS is known as a great place to work.

High-Quality, Client-Focused Service (HCS)

LAS provides every client with high quality service aligned with our organizational values. Staff have the resources available to them to provide high-quality service. We are easy to find and respond in a timely manner.

The purpose of providing legal aid to low-income people who cannot afford full legal representation is to get them reasonable outcomes, while ensuring fairness in the justice system. Legal Aid Saskatchewan strives to be a cooperative, collegial partner with other service providers and stakeholders. We thank all those with whom we work for their collaboration and good will.

Employees Who Retired in 2017/18

Lynda Bordessa Brenda Dahlby Barbara Kirkham May Kowalik Geri Larson Vesna Morris Norma Sim, Q.C.

New Employees in 2017/18

Christina Abbott Connie Alley Susan Charles Jeannie Clarke Meara Conway Julia Crook-Devitt Lorne Fagnan Joy Gao Lindsay Hjorth Omer Khayyam Julie Knox Jock Kriegler Sherry McGratten Christoph Meier Susan Near Dot Oleksuik Julia Quigley Loree Richardson Brittany Sperling Angie Wall

On December 1, 2017, the Commission approved a new Strategic Plan for 2017 – 2020. This plan had been under development for many months and was the result of considerable work and input from the Commissioners and Legal Directors. While the Commission took ownership in creating the plan, they relied heavily on the excellent work done by our staff for the 2011-2014 plan and the 2014- 2017 plan.

The new Strategic Plan identifies three Strategic Priorities (Strong Leadership, Organizational Health and High-Quality, Client-Focused Service), numerous outcome and activity measures and eleven key projects to move LAS forward. The new plan is ambitious, but we have solid work and momentum from efforts to develop and implement action plans undertaken in the last year. The following pages provide an overview of the work accomplished to date and reports on the various measures.

Within the next three years, we must also finish the work begun in 2016 and 2017 to address the recommendations from the Provincial Auditor to make improvements in the following areas:

- setting expectations for quality and timely legal aid services;
- electronically capturing data on the status of case files to facilitate monitoring of lawyer caseloads; and
- annually evaluating the performance of staff lawyers.

This year, LAS completed the following activities:

- identified and publicly reported on Client Service Standards;
- developed and implemented Practice Directives, with requisite forms, for Criminal, Family and Duty Counsel Service files;
- developed and implemented a refresh of our electronic case and client management system (LAIN); and
- created and began implementation of a new multiyear IT Plan;

And continued to:

- develop and implement electronic time-tracking by file for lawyers and legal assistants;
- identify and address the root causes of the large number of family files in which clients lose contact before the legal work on the file is completed;

- update the Personnel Manual, Eligibility & Legal Services Delivery Manual, LAIN Manual and Governance Manual; and
- improve the average time that clients wait for their first meeting with a lawyer,

And began work on the following:

- creating instructions for when and how to close a file to ensure consistency within and among offices;
- linking LAS data from LAIN to data from the Provincial Court data system; and
- report on federally-identified outcome metrics for criminal law.

Client Service Standards

LAS aims to achieve the following client service standards:

90% of clients see a lawyer within 3 weeks of being declared eligible for legal aid

This metric only includes individuals who have applied for full-service representation in criminal and family law. Full-service representation requires that applicants have an income within our financial guidelines; have a legal matter within our range of service and the matter has merit.

2016/17: 70% 2017/18: 70%

> 40% of applicants spoke to a lawyer on the same day and 49% spoke to a lawyer within a week.

100% of online applications receive a response within 2 business days

Applicants are welcome to complete our online financial test at any time. If the online calculator finds them eligible, they will receive a follow-up email within two business days from a staff member requesting additional information.

In 2017/18, the process for managing the online applications was changed. As a result, the timing of the response is anecdotal rather than recorded. From 2018/19 onward, the date the application is received and the date the response is sent are both tracked by the staff member managing the process.

2016/17: 100% 2017/18: not tracked

> estimated to be 89% based on the number of applications that were received after the process was changed.

95% of complaints receive a response within two weeks

This metric applies to all complaints received at Head Office. Within two weeks of receiving the complaint, a staff member at Head Office will have resolved the complaint or provided an update. LAS Head Office started tracking this metric in January 2018.

2016/17: not tracked 2017/18: 87% (based on 67 files received after January 1, 2018). 71% of decisions were sent within two weeks (based on 472 files received throughout the fiscal year).

Other Outcome Measures

Employee Engagement Score within 5 of Benchmark

Employee Engagement is a heightened emotional and intellectual connection that an employee has for their job, organization, manager, or coworkers that, in turn, influences them to apply discretionary effort to their work. LAS has used the TalentMap Employee Engagement survey in 2012 and 2015. LAS is benchmarked against other organizations of similar size in similar fields. The overall employee engagement score is based on six questions:

- I am proud to tell others I work for my organization.
- I am optimistic about the future of my organization.
- My organization inspires me to my best work.
- I would recommend my organization to a friend as a great place to work.
- My job provides me with a sense of personal accomplishment.
- I can see a clear link between my work and my organization's long-term objectives.

95% of lawyers with caseloads and time reporting with the accepted range

LAS has used a formula to generate a "normalized" caseload for offices and lawyers. In this formula, a full-service criminal file is counted as 1. A family file is counted as 2 due to the greater amount of time required on average to complete family files. A duty counsel service file is counted as 0.5 due to the shorter nature of the service. A file in Therapeutic Court is counted as 0.67 as the work is similar to duty counsel but continues over a longer time period. As part of the 2017 – 2020 Strategic Plan, this formula, originally conceptualized in 1999 as part of a review of LAS (the Rosten Report), will be reviewed.

TABLE 1: New Opened Files per Lawyer / Legal Director FTE									
2017/18	2016/17	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14					
249	250	229	213	200					

While LAS has seen an increase in the number of newly opened files per FTE, some of this growth is due to changes in how duty counsel service and therapeutic courts files are recorded within the database.

LAS staff lawyers complete a Time Activity Sheet (TAS) twice a month. As part of the 2017-2020 Strategic Plan, LAS staff lawyers will begin electronically recording time per file. This will allow time to be tracked by offence / problem (e.g. homicide, custody, assault, divorce, etc.).

This formula calculates the number of lawyers who carried a benchmark caseload and worked a reasonable number of hours for the year. It only includes lawyers who worked in the same Area Office the entire fiscal year and did not have caseload farmouts for illness. Expectations of hours of work are adjusted for those lawyers on the 26 EDO per year plan.

2016/17: 20% (12 of 59 permanent positions, 13 positions not included)
2017/18: 28% (14 of 50 permanent positions, 17 positions not included)

10 days of sick leave per employee per year

Similar to the Government of Saskatchewan, LAS has an employee sick leave performance metric. The two metrics differ in what types of leave are included in the definition of sick leave and whether it is calculated per employee or per full-time position. For the purpose of this metric, sick leave is defined as time away from work due to an illness of an employee (with or without pay) or a family member (with pay). To be included, the absence must be more than 0.25 of a day and less than 15 consecutive weeks. After 15 consecutive weeks, the employee is considered to be on Long-Term Disability. This metric does not include maternity, adoption,

TABLE 2		2017/18	2016/17	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14
Lawyers	(85)	7.74	8.2	10.5	8.3	8.3
Legal Assistants	(15)	27.79	32.8	17.6	17.4	17.4
Admin Staff	(57)	11.77	11.6	12.0	9.4	9.4
Out of Scope (Head Office Staff and Lega Directors	. ,	4.5	6.2	13.7	5.5	5.5

paternity and parental leaves; vacation, EDOs and holidays; long-term disability leave; or jury duty.

2016/17: 11.22 days 2017/18: 10.11 days

85% of legal matters completed

People who apply for LAS services are looking for resolution of their legal matters. Every lawyer assigned to a file is committed to taking the matter to completion. However, for a variety of reasons, before the legal matter is completed, clients may choose to terminate their LAS retainer by dismissing counsel or losing contact with the Office.

In late 2017, LAS instituted a new policy in which clients who choose to terminate the initial retainer could have a new lawyer if they agree to abide by certain conditions (e.g. maintain contact with the office, attend meetings and court, treat staff with respect). Previously, these individuals may have been denied LAS services and then applied for Court-Appointed Counsel. While this initially caused an increase in the number of files labelled as "counsel dismissed", LAS believes that ultimately more individuals will remain with their Legal Aid counsel and fewer individuals will pursue Court-Appointed Counsel applications.

2016/17: 78% 2017/18: 76%

Activity Measures

Number of Charges

As a new metric, LAS is reporting on the number of charges on new full-service criminal files opened and the number of charges resolved at the duty counsel stage in this fiscal year. Each file may have between one and 159 charges. Data for the two previous fiscal years is presented for comparison purposes.

TABLE 3	Full-S Crimin	ervice al Files		ounsel e Files
	Number of Charges	Average per file	Number of Charges	Average per file
2015/16	52,497	7.7	N/A	N/A
2016/17	57,902	8.1	21,892	4.9
2017/18	54,059	3.9	22,351	4.9

Statistics Canada. Table 252-0053 Adult criminal courts, number of cases and charges by type of decision, annual. CANSIM. Accessed May 3, 2018

In Saskatchewan, on average, 36% of criminal charges are stayed or withdrawn by the Crown. In comparison, the national average is 33%. These are six-year averages (2011/12 – 2015/16).

Number of Files Opened or Closed

LAS has been reporting on the number of opened and closed files per fiscal period for many years. An opened file is one in which the applicant was found eligible for legal aid and attended at least one meeting with a lawyer. The legal matter may be ongoing or completed by the end of the fiscal year or the client may have chosen to abandon the file by stopping contact with the office or terminating counsel.

Opened files may be assigned to staff or private bar lawyers. A majority of files assigned to the private bar are due to conflicts of interest or short-term staff vacancies.

Criminal files are divided into adult and youth. Youth files have charges under *The Youth Criminal Justice Act.* Charges under all other Acts are considered adult files. Family files are divided into Family and Child Apprehension Files. Child Apprehension (also known as Child Protection) are files in which the Ministry of Social Services or one of its agencies has removed a child or children from their home, on either a temporary or permanent basis.

Duty Counsel Service is a short-term legal service provided to individuals held in custody. There are no financial or range of service limitations for this service. It is available to any individual in custody on criminal charges. The service consists of negotiating for release or guilty plea and sentencing, or conducting a show cause hearing (also known as a bail hearing). If the client's matter is not resolved at the duty counsel service stage, they are encouraged to apply for full-service representation.

In 2016/17, LAS Management clarified how the closing of Duty Counsel Service files should be recorded. Files are differentiated based on whether or not the charges are concluded at the Duty Counsel Service stage by guilty plea or if the service is a negotiated release or show cause hearing. Of the Duty Counsel Service files opened in 2017/18, 45% of adult files and 41% of youth files were concluded by guilty plea. This is very comparable to the 2016/17 numbers which were 42% and 40% respectively.

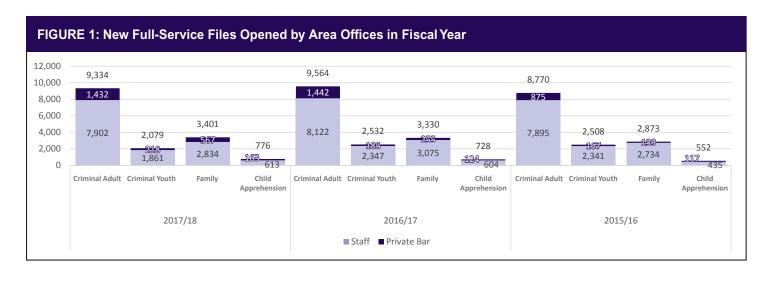


TABLE 4: New Files by Type Opened by Area office in Fiscal Year														
		Criminal Adult		Criminal Youth		Family		Child Apprehensions		Therapeutic Court		Duty Counsel Service - Adult		ounsel rice - uth
	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17
Battlefords	723	808	153	199	154	191	46	55	65	75	921	996	139	178
Head Office	6	10		1	45	4	2							
Meadow Lake	819	729	120	131	140	209	43	37			694	605	68	67
Melfort	389	329	109	109	71	85	15	7			40	77	6	4
Moose Jaw	245	268	42	70	161	204	21	29	10	21	245	207	33	45
Northern	957	1,056	210	277	150	174	36	37			290	325	67	69
Prince Albert	995	1,168	241	311	225	214	76	88		1	1,587	1,465	282	322
Regina City	932	794	364	523	609	610	87	109	647	520	1,821	1,916	190	11
Regina Rural	596	726	96	120	301	309	68	45	25	27	50	72	6	6
Saskatoon City Criminal	976	813	297	375					165	211	3,072	3,000	328	327
Saskatoon City Family					464	551	110	111						
Saskatoon Rural	383	416	60	67	146	138	63	56	30		79	79	1	
South East	251	346	48	33	102	129	4	4	1	1	75	70	8	6
Swift Current	135	111	45	36	92	102	14	8		1	178	164	19	18
Yorkton	495	548	76	95	174	155	28	18			338	389	51	38
Staff Total	7,902	8,122	1,861	2,347	2,834	3,075	613	604	943	857	9,390	9,365	1,198	1,091
Private Bar	1,432	1,442	218	185	567	255	163	124	34	13				
Total	9,334	9,564	2,079	2,532	3,401	3,330	776	728	977	870	9,390	9,365	1,198	1,091



TABLE 5: Files by Type Closed by Each Area Office in Fiscal Year														
	Crim Ad			Criminal Child Youth Family Apprehensions		Therapeutic Court		Duty Counsel Service - Adult		Duty Counsel Service - Youth				
	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17
Battlefords	734	811	147	220	131	204	49	49	68	58	933	1,006	131	181
Head Office	9	19	1	1	1	1								
Meadow Lake	730	672	114	139	146	192	40	40			695	636	64	71
Melfort	359	307	96	113	89	78	10	6			38	79	6	5
Moose Jaw	311	225	62	60	179	113	26	20	5	25	283	222	45	48
Northern	999	1,206	226	304	153	159	30	29			314	367	75	74
Prince Albert	1,056	1,038	258	279	209	216	76	79			1,582	1,476	283	334
Regina City	940	593	390	473	592	441	99	67	596	486	1,797	1,920	176	11
Regina Rural	616	778	88	151	265	310	45	54	24	24	51	71	6	6
Saskatoon City Criminal	868	682	288	381					129	147	3,080	2,986	316	333
Saskatoon City Family					439	244	132	71						
Saskatoon Rural	357	370	62	67	55	102	20	43	11	10	80	91	1	
South East	283	380	39	51	100	99	3	7	1	1	78	73	8	6
Swift Current	109	98	34	48	84	82	8	7		1	175	162	18	18
Yorkton	498	584	82	110	134	171	17	27			344	396	51	44
Staff Total	7,869	7,763	1,887	2,397	2,577	2,412	555	499	834	752	9,450	9,485	1,180	1,131
Private Bar	1,230	1,203	185	191	310	186	136	120	22	43				
Total	9,099	8,966	2,072	2,588	2,887	2,598	691	619	856	795	9,450	9,485	1,180	1,131

TABLE 6: Other Services Provided in Fiscal Year										
		Duty Co	unsel Ac	lvice		Summai	ry Advice	y Advice		
	Оре	ened	Clo	sed	Оре	ned	Closed			
	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17		
Battlefords	1		1		1	1	1	1		
Head Office		1		1		1	6			
Meadow Lake	2	1	2	1	7	2				
Melfort	1		1				105			
Moose Jaw	9	6	11	6	105	111	48	115		
Northern	2	1	1	1	37	23	6	27		
Prince Albert		1	1	1	6	2	92	2		
Regina City	4	2	2	2	38	36	49	42		
Regina Rural	17	25	17	25	52	103	2	101		
Saskatoon City Criminal	2		1		2	11		11		
Saskatoon City Family										
Saskatoon Rural					2	1	2	1		
South East	1	2	1	2	113	129	116	136		
Swift Current	20	7	19	7	25	39	26	39		
Yorkton					8	3	7	5		
Staff Total	59	46	57	46	396	462	460	480		
Private Bar			14,223	13,896						
Total	59	46	14,280	13,942						

Number of appeals

This year, LAS initiated 22 appeals on behalf of adult criminal clients, 3 on behalf of youth criminal clients and 3 on behalf of family clients. We also responded to Crown-initiated appeals on 17 adult criminal matters and 1 youth criminal matter. We responded to one family appeal initiated by the opposing party and did not initiate any appeals.

Number of Supreme Court of Canada and Saskatchewan Court of Appeal files

In this fiscal year, we appeared at the Saskatchewan Court of Appeal 34 times. We did not appear at the Supreme Court of Canada in 2017/18.

Professional Development by Lawyers

Professional development activities are those provided by LAS or others which are sanctioned by the Law Society of Saskatchewan. The Law Society requires 12 hours of PD per lawyer per year. It includes online and in-person lectures, attendance at provincial and national conferences, and study groups. Information on the number of hours is taken from the lawyers' time activity sheets.

This year, we noted that several lawyers did not report any professional development activities on their time activity sheets. However, we know that they completed at least 12 hours as they continue to be members in good standing with the Law Society. Therefore, we believe the change between the 2016/17 and 2017/18 numbers is due to the way the data was recorded, not a change in activity.

2016/17: 25.47 hours 2017/18: 14.37 hours

Percentage of all criminal files in Saskatchewan with Legal Aid representation

This metric is still under development as it requires linking LAS data to the data from the Provincial Court in Saskatchewan. When this linkage is complete, it will identify the number of charges under the Criminal Code (non-traffic), Youth Criminal Justice Act, Drug Possession, other drug offences, and other federal statutes in which LAS provided representation.

Amount of Child and Spousal Support Orders Secured

We began collecting this information this year. With eleven offices reporting for at least part of the year, our records indicate that LAS secured at least 235 new or variation orders this year for child or spousal support. Approximately 44% of recipients were on social or band assistance. These orders should provide \$1.46M in annual funding and \$77,159 in arrears funding to our clients.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation of the Commission's financial statements. This responsibility includes maintaining the integrity and objectivity of the Commission's financial records and presenting the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting standards.

Management maintains an appropriate system of internal control, including policies and procedures, which provide reasonable assurance that the Commission's assets are safeguarded and that the financial records are relevant and reliable.

To ensure management meets its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control, the members of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission discuss audit and reporting matters with representatives of management at regular meetings.

The members of the Commission have also reviewed the financial statements with representative of management. The members have approved in principle the Commission's financial statements for the year end March 31, 2018.

The Provincial Auditor of Saskatchewan conducts an independent audit of the financial statements. Their examination is conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards and includes tests and other procedures which allow them to report on the fairness of the financial statements. The Provincial Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit and the opinion.

Craig W.J. Goebel Chief Executive Officer Jerome Boyko, CPA, CA
Director, Finance and Information Technology



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2018, and the statement of operations and changes in accumulated surplus, statement of changes in net debt, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for Treasury Board's approval, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission as at March 31, 2018, and the results of its operations, changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Regina, Saskatchewan June 19, 2018 Judy Ferguson, FCPA, FCA Provincial Auditor

Judy Ferguson

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at March 31

		2018	2017
Financial Assets			
Cash Accounts receivable Ministry of Justice Other	\$	2,462,129 1,200,000 33,844	\$ 1,812,580 1,200,000 28,956
Total financial assets		3,695,973	 3,041,536
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities General Private Solicitors' Fees Employee Salaries and Benefits Deferred Contributions (note 6) Total liabilities	_	161,615 3,372,552 511,133 28,540 4,073,840	 97,665 3,073,293 550,411 31,500 3,752,869
Net debt (statement 3)		(377,867)	 (711,333)
Non-financial assets			
Tangible capital assets (note 5) Prepaid expenses Total Non-financial assets		184,018 172,577 356,595	 78,328 164,862 243,190
Accumulated (deficit) surplus (statement 2)	\$	(21,272)	\$ (468,143)

Contractual Obligations (note 7) (See accompanying notes)

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS As at March 31

		2018				
	Budget (Note 11)	Actual	Actual			
Revenue						
Ministry of Justice Grants Other	\$ 24,269,000 124,500 73,000	\$ 25,469,000 125,700 103,177	\$ 24,921,000 70,500 119,120			
Total revenue	<u>24,466,500</u>	25,697,877	25,110,620			
Expense						
Salaries and employee benefits Head Office administrative (schedule 1) Area Office administrative and	16,679,890 729,707	16,729,033 490,149	16,983,595 699,340			
operating expenses (schedule 1) Provision of legal services	1,680,653 4,054,000	1,747,302 5,125,815	1,768,558 4,816,299			
Other legal expenses Travel	279,750 762,500	259,316 807,948	242,412 751,878			
Amortization of tangible capital assets	70,000	91,443	25,732			
Total expense	<u>24,256,500</u>	<u>25,251,006</u>	25,287,814			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expense for the year	210,000	446,871	(117,194)			
Accumulated (deficit) surplus, beginning of year	(468,143)	(468,143)	(290,949)			
Accumulated (deficit) surplus, end of year (statement 1)	<u>\$ (258,143)</u>	<u>\$ (21,272)</u>	<u>\$ (468,143)</u>			

(See accompanying notes)

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN DEBT Year Ended March 31

	 2018	2017
Excess/(Deficiency) of revenue over expense for the year	\$ 446,871	\$ (177,194)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(197,133) 91,443 (105,690)	 25,732 25,732
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	(172,577) 164,862 (7,715)	 (164,862) 175,276 10,414
Increase (decrease) in net debt	333,466	(141,048)
Net debt at beginning of year	(711,333)	(570,285)
Net debt at end of year (statement 1)	\$ (377,867)	\$ <u>(711,333)</u>

(See accompanying notes)

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended March 31

		2018		2017
Cash (used in) provided by				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Appropriation funds received Cash received from grants Cash received from other revenue Cash payments for salaries and benefits Cash payments for other suppliers Cash payments for legal services	\$	25,469,000 122,740 104,367 (16,782,106) (3,240,763) (4,826,556)		23,721,000 69,400 119,817 (16,877,505) (3,518,672) (3,789,557)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		846,682		(275,517)
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(197,133)	_	
Net increase (decrease) in cash		649,549		(275,517)
Cash, beginning of year		1,812,580	_	2,088,097
Cash, end of year	<u>\$</u>	2,462,129	<u>\$</u>	<u> 1,812,580</u>

(See accompanying notes)

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2018

The Legal Aid Act came into force on September 1, 1983 by Order in Council 1275/83 and continued The Saskatchewan Community Legal Services Commission as a body corporate under the name of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission (Commission). The purpose of the Commission is to provide legal services to persons and organizations for criminal and civil matters where those persons and organizations are financially unable to secure those services from their own resources.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards published by the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada (CPA Canada). A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been presented in these financial statements because all financial instruments are measured at amortized costs. The following policies are considered significant:

a) Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that give rise to the revenues and when collection is reasonably assured. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis.

Other revenue is comprised of client contributions, cost recoveries, interest and miscellaneous receipts.

Externally restricted inflows are deferred contribution when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for their specific purposes.

Government appropriations are recognized in the period the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria is met.

b) Expenses

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The costs of services incurred during the year are expensed.

c) Provision of Legal Services Expense

Provision of legal services expense include amounts billed by private bar lawyers to the Commission and an estimate of amounts of services performed by lawyers but not yet billed to the Commission.

d) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement, or betterment of the asset. Normal repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The tangible capital assets are reduced annually by an amount representing the consumed cost of the asset calculated on a straight line basis as follows:

7 years

3 years

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the Commission's ability to provide services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets is less than their net book value. The net writedowns (if any) are accounted for as expense in the Statement of Operations.

e) Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are measured at fair value upon initial recognition. Cash is measured at fair value. Accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and deferred contributions are measured at amortized cost. The Commission does not have any embedded derivatives in host contracts.

f) New accounting standard not yet in effect

A new Canadian public sector accounting standard is not yet in effect for governments and has not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The Commission plans to adopt this new standard on the effective date and is currently analyzing the impact this will have on these financial statements.

The following standard will become effective as follows:

- PS 3430 Restructuring Transactions (effective April 1, 2018), a new standard defining a restructuring transaction and establishing guidance on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities transferred in a restructuring transaction.

g) Adoption of Public Sector Accounting Standards

On April 1, 2017, the Commission adopted Public Sector Accounting standards PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures, PS 3210 Assets, PS 3320 Contingent Assets, PS 3380 Contractual Rights and PS 3420 Inter-Entity Transactions.

Adoption of these standards has not resulted in any disclosure changes.

2. Financial Risk Management

The management of the Commission mitigates the risks associated with financial instruments with regular reporting to the members of the Commission.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Commission's exposure to credit risk is from the potential of non-payment of grants or accounts receivable. The credit risk on the receivables is not material as most grants are received from the provincial appropriations and the other receivables are comprised of small amounts from contributions from clients.

Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Commission is unable to meet its financial commitments as they become due. The Commission manages the liquidity risk from the monthly appropriations it receives from the Saskatchewan Ministry of Justice.

Market Risk:

Market risk represents the potential for loss from changes in the value of financial instruments due to changes in the market conditions. The Commission does not have any exposure to market risk.

3. Capital Management

The Commission's objective when managing its accumulated surplus is to ensure adequate resources exist to support the operations and growth strategies of the Commission.

The Commission obtains its funding from provincial appropriations through the Ministry of Justice. The Commission does not have any debt.

The Commission monitors and assesses its financial performance by a monthly variance analysis of actual and yearly projections to approved budget. The budget and variance analysis is approved by the members of the Commission. The management of the Commission also provide an appropriation forecast to the Ministry of Justice.

4. Pension Plan

The Commission participates in a defined contribution pension plan for the benefit of its employees. The Commission's financial obligation to The Staff Pension Plan for Employees of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission (Plan) is limited to making regular payments to match the amounts contributed by the employees for current service. The Commission's annual pension expense included in salaries and benefits for 2018 amounted to \$856,510 (2017 - \$891,082).

The Plan is administered and sponsored by a joint trustees arrangement. The joint trustees consist of four members, two appointed by the Commission and two appointed by C.U.P.E. Local 1949. The Commission provides day-to-day administration for the Trustees without charge to the Plan. Certain administration expenses of the Plan are initially paid by the Commission and are subsequently refunded by the Plan. As at March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Plan did not owe anything to the Commission.

5. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are comprised of the following amounts:

	0	office	I	_AIN				
	E	quipment	De	evelopmen	t	2018		2017
	<u>an</u>	d Furniture	≘ _	Costs		Total	_	Total
Opening cost	\$	238,831	\$	321,432	\$	560,263	\$	560,263
Additions during the year				<u>197,133</u>		197,133	_	
Closing Cost		238,831		518,565		757,396	_	560,263

Opening Accumulated				
Amortization	160,503	321,432	481,935	456,203
Amortization during the year	25,732	65,711	91,443	25,732
Closing Accumulated				
Amortization	<u> 186,235</u>	387,143	<u>573,378</u>	<u>481,935</u>
Net book value of				
Tangible capital assets	\$ 52,596 \$	<u>131,422</u>	\$ <u>184,018</u>	\$ <u>78,328</u>

6. Deferred Contributions and Grants

Deferred operating contributions represent externally restricted grants and contributions for which the related expense have not been incurred.

	<u>2018</u>		2017
Balance, beginning of year	\$	31,500	\$ 32,600
Add: Grant contributions received or receivable in the year			
Law Foundation of Saskatchewan		90,000	30,000
Law Foundation of Saskatchewan Legal Aid			
Endowment Fund Trust		32,740	39,400
Less: Amounts recognized as revenue in the year		(125,700)	 (70,500)
Balance, end of year	\$	28,540	\$ 31,500

7. Measurement Uncertainty and Contractual Obigations

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Areas where estimates are made include accrued private solicitors' fees and the related provision of legal service expense, amortization of tangible capital assets, non-vesting sick leave benefits, and contingent liabilities.

These estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed periodically to reflect new information as it becomes available. Measurement uncertainty exists in these financial statements and actual results could differ from those estimates.

The provision for services provided by members of the private bar that have not been billed on outstanding appointments is estimated at year end using a method that incorporates historical average costs and estimated time frames to complete similar cases. In addition to the liability for services provided to March 31, 2018, the Commission estimates \$502,114 (2017 - \$425,760) will be incurred on approximately 2,070 (2017 - 2,057) outstanding appointments issued to the private bar over and above both the billings paid to date and work performed but not yet billed.

8. Related Party Transactions

These financial statements include transactions with related parties. The Commission is related to all Saskatchewan Crown Agencies such as ministries, corporations, boards, and commissions under the common control of the Government of Saskatchewan, as well as its key management personnel and their close family members. Additionally, the Commission is related to organizations where they have key management personnel

and/or their close family members in common. Transactions with these related parties are in the normal course of operations and are settled on normal trade terms.

Facilities, vehicle rentals, office supplies, and miscellaneous office services are acquired from a related party. These transactions are recorded at agreed upon rates and settled on normal trade terms. Other operating transactions with related parties are settled at prevailing market prices under normal trade terms. These transactions and amounts outstanding at year end are as follows:

	 2018	 2017
Expenses	\$ 1,859,436	\$ 1,792,095
Accounts payable	35,864	24,058
Revenue		1,340
Accounts receivable	1,200,000	1,201,341

Each year, the Commission receives 99% of its operating revenue as a government transfer from the Saskatchewan Ministry of Justice recorded as appropriations, and 1% from grants and other sources. The Commission depends on funding from these sources for the continuance of its operations. During the year the Commission received \$25,469,000 from the Ministry, (2017 - \$24,921,000). At March 31, 2018 there was a receivable of \$1,200,000 (2017 - \$1,200,000).

In addition, the Commission pays Provincial Sales Tax on all its taxable purchases. The Commission also received transcripts services without charge from the Ministry of Justice.

During the year, the Commission made payments of \$127,242 (2017 - \$127,242) to the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission Benefit Plan Surplus Fund (Fund) that is set up under the collective bargaining agreement between C.U.P.E. Local1949 (Union) and the Commission. As outlined in the agreement, the Fund is jointly administered by the Commission and the Union through the Labour Management Relations Committee. The Commission provides the Fund with day-to-day administration. The intent of the Fund is to cover increased premium costs of the extended health care benefits for members of C.U.P.E. Local 1949. The increased premium costs are initially paid by the Commission, and for the year the Fund reimbursed the Commission \$123,985 (2017 - \$100,711) for the increased premium costs. At year end, the Fund had a balance of \$429,619 (2017 - \$401,249). This Fund balance is not included in the Commission's statement of financial position.

Other transactions with related parties and amounts due to or from them are described separately in these financial statements and the notes thereto.

9. The Law Foundation of Saskatchewan Legal Aid Endowment Fund Trust

A Trust Deed exists between the Law Foundation of Saskatchewan and the Trustees of The Law Foundation of Saskatchewan Legal Aid Endowment Fund Trust (Trust). The Trust was established with an endowment to assist in the Commission's mandate by:

- a) improving access to justice for persons whose own financial resources are inadequate;
- b) enhancing the ability of all Commission employees to provide legal aid service to clients, including education, research and the acquisition of research, teaching and library materials by the Commission;
- c) providing funds for research in legal and social areas related to legal aid and access to justice; and
- d) assisting otherwise in the Commission's mandate in ways not traditionally covered by

government funding, and with particular emphasis on novel or innovative programs or delivery methods.

An endowment amount of \$2,100,000 (2017 - \$2,100,000) has been provided to the Trust and only the net income from the Trust is available for the beneficiaries. The transactions and amounts in the Commission's financial statements related to activities of the Trust at year end are as follows:

	 2018	<u> 2017 </u>		
Grants	\$ 35,700	\$	40,500	
Deferred contributions	28,540		31,500	

The Trust has five trustees, three of which are members of the Commission. They include:

- The Chair of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission
- A commissioner of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission, appointed by the Law Society of Saskatchewan
- A commissioner of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission, appointed by the Minister of Justice (Saskatchewan)

The Commission has authorized the utilization of its staff as may be reasonably required from time to time to provide administrative support to the Trust at no fee.

10. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

11. Budget

These amounts represent the operating budget approved June 2017 by members of The Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission.

THE SASKATCHEWAN LEGAL AID COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES Year Ended March 31

		2018			2017	
		Budget (Note 11)		Actual		Actual
Head Office Administrative and Operating Expe	nses					
Leased accommodation Stationery and office supplies Computer leases, maintenance, and support Telephone Postage Photocopying Periodicals Expenses related to Trust Grant Expenses related to Law Foundation Grant ¹ Other operating expenses	\$	153,482 12,500 178,617 13,120 16,700 3,350 450 34,500 316,988	\$	91,560 15,842 52,023 17,111 12,846 2,818 1,280 35,700 260,969	\$	100,809 11,011 90,846 14,695 16,694 2,844 2,082 40,500 30,000 389,859
Total Head Office Administrative and Operating expenses (statement 2)	<u>\$</u>	729,707	<u>\$</u>	490,149	<u>\$</u>	699,340
Area Office Administrative and Operating Exper	ises					
Leased accommodation Stationery and office supplies Computer leases, maintenance, and support Telephone Postage Photocopying Periodicals Other operating expenses	\$	1,056,468 127,500 97,883 109,380 53,300 46,650 19,550 169,922		1,043,669 153,867 144,353 109,284 52,968 39,600 16,900 186,661	\$	1,078,463 135,170 133,933 109,699 52,521 40,512 35,009 183,251
Total Area Office Administrative and Operating Expenses (statement 2)	<u>\$</u>	1,680,653	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,747,302</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,768,558</u>

¹ During the year, The Law Foundation of Saskatchewan provided a grant of \$90,000. The grant was used towards the LAIN Development Costs that were capitalized and are reported as part of the Tangible Capital Asset, Note 5.

Application

A formal written request for legal assistance. Related legal matters mentioned at the time of application are included on one application. Separate applications are counted for criminal, family, and to a very minor extent, civil and provincial offence matters.

Awaiting Transfer

Those files that were being sent to other Area Offices or to the private bar but had not been approved to do so, as of March 31, 2018.

Brydges Service

Refers to Duty Counsel Advice provided by telephone to detained persons by contract lawyers. This service is available to all individuals detained for a crime regardless of range of service or their eligibility for the full services of LAS.

Client Abandoned

These are files that were closed on or after April 1, 2017 and by March 31, 2018 and a lawyer provided some level of service to the client. During this time period, the client was responsible for ending the relationship with LAS either by dismissing the lawyer, losing contact or other miscellaneous reasons.

Completed or Matter Completed

These are files that were closed on or after April 1, 2017 and by March 31, 2018 with the status of Matter Complete. This presumes that the client received the legal services they requested and the matter is now concluded.

Denied

These are applications that were opened as of April 1, 2017 but have been denied legal services as of March 31, 2018. Although most applications are denied at the beginning of the application process, some of these clients may have received legal service from LAS during the active time of their case.

Discontinued

These are applications that were opened with a service date on or after April 1, 2017 and the client received only administrative services from LAS (i.e. application forms, appointments made with lawyers) and did not meet with and receive legal services of a lawyer before losing contact with the office. As of March 31, 2018, an administrative decision has been made to close the file as a discontinued application.

Duty Counsel Advice

Immediate advice, by telephone or in person, to arrested or detained persons, irrespective of financial status, provided by a LAS staff lawyer or most likely through the Brydges Service.

Duty Counsel Service

Legal services provided by a lawyer to in-custody individuals where the person has not applied in writing requesting legal aid representation. Duty Counsel Service is provided irrespective of financial status and consists of either the entry of a guilty plea or a show cause hearing. If the client's case is not resolved, they are encouraged to apply for full-service representation.

Family Matters

Refers to proceedings related to divorce, separation, support, custody/access and other matters of a family law nature. These matters also include child protection proceedings.

Federal Criminal Matters (Adults)

Refers to matters under the *Criminal Code of Canada, Narcotic Control Act, Food and Drug Act* or other Federal Statutes, if the proceedings are by way of indictment; or, if upon conviction and sentence, there is a likelihood of imprisonment or loss of livelihood.

Federal Criminal Matters (Youth)

Refers to matters under the Youth Criminal Justice Act.

Financial Eligibility

Refers to the process and decision made regarding an application based on the applicant's financial information about income, and dependents in assets; the decision can be in favour of or against eligibility.

Full Service Application

Refers to an application for the full legal services of LAS in criminal and family matters.

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)

Refers to a statistical number that takes into account the number of total hours worked by all employees divided by the maximum number of compensable hours in a work year.

Incoming Reciprocal

These are applications received from another province's Legal Aid Plan that were opened with a service date on or after April 1, 2017 and were transferred to LAS before March 31, 2018. This occurs solely in family matters and is contingent upon the location of litigation and children. Full legal services are provided by LAS pursuant to the Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreement.

Opened Files

These are applications that have been approved on or after April 1, 2017 and as of March 31, 2018 and have been worked on by a lawyer during this time frame. As of March 31, 2018, these files may be active, completed or abandoned by the client.

Outgoing Reciprocals

These are applications sent to another province's Legal Aid Plan that were opened with a service date on or after April 1, 2017 and were transferred as of March 31, 2018. This occurs solely in family matters and is contingent upon the location of litigation and children. Minimal legal service may have been provided by LAS in these situations but mostly the process is administrative.

Summary Advice

Refers to the provision of legal advice, information or any other type of minimal legal service by a lawyer to an individual involving no more than a brief interview or telephone call.

The Battlefords Area Office

Provincial Building #L103 -1192 102nd Street North Battleford, SK S9A 1E9 Phone: 306-446-7700

Fax: 306-446-7598 Toll Free: 1-877-441-4418

Legal Director: Janice Lawrence, Q.C.

Meadow Lake Area Office

P.O. Box 1495 Unit #3, 101 Railway Place Meadow Lake, SK S9X 1X6 Phone: 306-236-7636 Fax: 306-236-7634 Toll Free: 1-800-461-8188 Legal Director:

Rosanne Newman, Q.C.

Melfort Area Office

P.O. Box 1748
3rd Floor,
107 Crawford Avenue East
Melfort, SK S0E 1A0
Phone: 306-752-6220
Fax: 306-752-6127
Toll Free: 1-877-424-1901
Legal Director:
Loree Richardson

Moose Jaw Area Office

#113 – 110 Ominica Street West Moose Jaw, SK S6H 6V2 Phone: 306-694-3700 Fax: 306-694-3738 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1902 Legal Director: Mervyn Shaw, Q.C.

Northern Area Office

Box 5000 Mistasinihk Place, 1328 La Ronge Avenue La Ronge, SK S0J 1L0 Phone: 306-425-4455 Fax: 306-425-4472 Toll Free: 1-800-667-4095 Legal Director:

Kimberly Earing, Q.C.

Prince Albert Area Office

Box 3003, Room 1138, 11th Floor L.F. McIntosh Building 800 Central Avenue Prince Albert, SK S6V 6G1 Phone: 306-953-2850 Fax: 306-953-2866 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1900

Legal Director: Robert Rooney

Regina City Area Office

#200 - 1871 Smith Street Regina, SK S4P 4W5 Phone: 306-787-8760 Fax: 306-787-8827 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1897 Legal Director:

James Struthers, Q.C.

Regina Rural Area Office

#102 – 2400 College Avenue Regina, SK S4P 1C8 Phone: 306-787-1141 Fax: 306-787-2316 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1906 Legal Director: David Andrews, Q.C.

Saskatoon City Criminal Area Office

#1053 – Sturdy Stone Centre 122 Third Avenue North Saskatoon, SK S7K 2H6 Phone: 306-933-7820 Fax: 306-933-7827 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1898

Legal Director: Joanne Khan

Saskatoon City Family Office

#155 – Sturdy Stone Centre 122 Third Avenue North Saskatoon, SK S7K 2H6 Phone: 306-964-2200 Fax: 306-964-2222 Toll Free: 1-877-324-2200

Legal Director: Kelly Shaw

Saskatoon Rural Area Office

#941 – Sturdy Stone Centre 122 Third Avenue North Saskatoon, SK S7K 2H6 Phone: 306-933-7855 Fax: 306-933-7854 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1899 Legal Director: Murray Pelletier

South East Area Office

#101 - 1302 3rd Street Estevan, SK S4A 20S2 Phone: 306-637-4620 Fax: 306-637-4625 Toll Free: 1-877-424-1903

Legal Director: Robert Grimsrud

Swift Current Area Office

3rd Floor, 350 Cheadle Street West Swift Current, SK S9H 4G3

Phone: 306-778-8272 Fax: 306-778-8307

Toll Free: 1-877-424-1905

Legal Director: Adrian McBride

Yorkton Area Office

#301 – 120 Smith Street East Yorkton, SK S3N 3V3 Phone: 306-786-1440 Fax: 306-786-1405

Toll Free: 1-877-424-1904

Legal Director: Deanna Harris

Head Office

#502 – 201 21st Street East Saskatoon, SK S7K 0B8 Phone: 306-933-5300 Fax: 306-933-6764 Toll Free: 1-800-667-3764 Chief Executive Officer: Craig W.J. Goebel

Director of Finance and IT:

Jerome Boyko

Director of Human Resources:

Dona Jones

Director of Planning and

Administration: Kyla Shea

